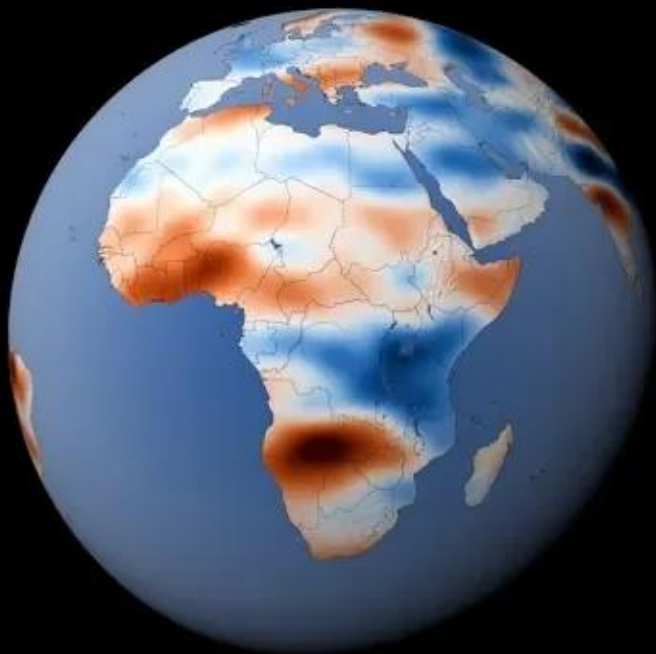


Jun 21, 2002



1  
00:00:00,040 --> 00:00:04,170

Around the world, water

2  
00:00:04,170 --> 00:00:08,280

is constantly moving. From 2002 to

3  
00:00:08,280 --> 00:00:12,480

2016, a pair of NASA satellites witnessed massive shifts

4  
00:00:12,480 --> 00:00:16,910

in the freshwater stored on land related to water management, climate change

5  
00:00:16,910 --> 00:00:21,350

and natural cycles. The Gravity Recovery and Climate Experiment,

6  
00:00:21,350 --> 00:00:25,450

or GRACE mission, used precise measurements of the motions of two

7  
00:00:25,450 --> 00:00:29,660

spacecraft in Earth's orbit to track the movement of water through the oceans, land

8  
00:00:29,660 --> 00:00:34,050

and atmosphere. NASA scientists combined GRACE

9  
00:00:34,050 --> 00:00:38,050

data with satellite-based observations of precipitation and crop irrigation,

10  
00:00:38,050 --> 00:00:42,370

climate model predictions, and other information in order to identify

11  
00:00:42,370 --> 00:00:46,500

the causes of regional trends in freshwater storage.

12  
00:00:46,500 --> 00:00:51,940

In this visualization, blues indicate areas with more stored freshwater

13  
00:00:51,940 --> 00:00:56,210

than the average, and oranges and reds denote areas with less.

14

00:00:56,210 --> 00:01:00,340

The science team classified the major trends observed by GRACE as driven by:

15

00:01:00,340 --> 00:01:04,400

Natural variability, human activity or climate change.

16

00:01:04,400 --> 00:01:08,840

For instance, the steady decrease

17

00:01:08,840 --> 00:01:12,950

in freshwater storage in Greenland is caused by the melting of glaciers,

18

00:01:12,950 --> 00:01:17,010

which drain water into the oceans.

19

00:01:17,010 --> 00:01:21,110

In the western United States, a long drought reduced mountain snowpack and river flows,

20

00:01:21,110 --> 00:01:25,120

causing heavy reliance on aquifers for crop irrigation and

21

00:01:25,120 --> 00:01:29,230

severe depletion of freshwater resources.

22

00:01:29,230 --> 00:01:33,380

Precipitation measurements together with GRACE data show how natural variations

23

00:01:33,380 --> 00:01:37,390

in the weather and unsustainable rates of water use conspired to deplete

24

00:01:37,390 --> 00:01:41,490

groundwater in California.

25

00:01:41,490 --> 00:01:45,830

In southern Africa, the Okavango Delta region experienced a huge

26

00:01:45,830 --> 00:01:50,400

increase in stored freshwater during the period of the GRACE mission.

27

00:01:50,400 --> 00:01:54,550

The science team analyzed precipitation data for the area and found that it was caused

28

00:01:54,550 --> 00:01:58,550

by a pronounced increase in rainfall.

29

00:01:58,550 --> 00:02:02,960

Between 2004 and 2012, the region saw about 15% more

30

00:02:02,960 --> 00:02:06,970

annual rainfall than during the previous twenty-five years.

31

00:02:06,970 --> 00:02:11,050

The rain ended a regional drought, and replenished water storage in the area.

32

00:02:11,050 --> 00:02:15,140

In northern Saudi Arabia, GRACE detected a dramatic

33

00:02:15,140 --> 00:02:19,550

decrease in fresh water stored in aquifers. Images taken by

34

00:02:19,550 --> 00:02:23,630

NASA's Landsat program show a rapid increase in irrigated cropland,

35

00:02:23,630 --> 00:02:27,760

supported by water pumped from those aquifers.

36

00:02:27,760 --> 00:02:32,170

Most of that water is non-renewable on human timescales, but in 2014

37

00:02:32,170 --> 00:02:36,330

the Saudi government ended a domestic wheat farming program, and GRACE data

38

00:02:36,330 --> 00:02:40,390

suggest that aquifer levels may be stabilizing.

39  
00:02:40,390 --> 00:02:44,590  
In northwest China, GRACE revealed a rapid

40  
00:02:44,590 --> 00:02:48,980  
decrease in freshwater storage without an obvious cause.

41  
00:02:48,980 --> 00:02:52,980  
Scientists knew that mountain glaciers were melting, but the melt-water did not leave the region,

42  
00:02:52,980 --> 00:02:57,140  
so they looked for another explanation.

43  
00:02:57,140 --> 00:03:01,250  
As it turns out, much of the region's surface water is redirected to

44  
00:03:01,250 --> 00:03:06,010  
agricultural areas and the desert to the south, where it evaporates,

45  
00:03:06,010 --> 00:03:11,080  
leaving the region with a net loss of water.

46  
00:03:11,080 --> 00:03:15,830  
The original GRACE satellites stopped operating in 2017,

47  
00:03:15,830 --> 00:03:20,390  
but NASA and the German Research Center for Geosciences are partnering to launch a new